

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_

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### Follow-up Questions for *Teenage Mutant Ninja Nuclei*

1. Create a collision between two carbon-12 nuclei:

(a) Draw a “before” and “after” picture:

(b) Explain how the picture illustrates conservation of momentum:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

(c) Explain how energy/mass would be conserved during this process:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

(d) Explain how charge would be conserved during this process:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

2. How many alpha particles are emitted when an atom of  ${}_{92}^{238}\text{U}$  decays to an atom of  ${}_{82}^{206}\text{Pb}$ ? [show your work.]

3. The nuclear equation  ${}_{15}^{30}\text{P} \rightarrow {}_{14}^{30}\text{Si} + {}_{+1}^0\text{e}$  represents

- (a) alpha bombardment
- (b) electron capture
- (c) neutron emission
- (d) positron emission

4. Which nuclide has a mass number of 8?
- (a)  ${}^6_2\text{He}$                       (c)  ${}^{15}_7\text{N}$
- (b)  ${}^8_4\text{Be}$                       (d)  ${}^{16}_8\text{O}$
5. An atomic nucleus emits energy as it decays from an excited state to a more stable state without a change in its atomic number. This energy is emitted in the form of
- (a) an alpha particle  
 (b) a gamma ray  
 (c) an electron  
 (d) a beta particle
6. How many nucleons are in a  ${}^{206}_{82}\text{Pb}$  nucleus? Explain your answer.
7. The particle  ${}^0_{+1}\text{e}$  is called a
- (a) positron  
 (b) neutron  
 (c) proton  
 (d) photon
8. One isotope of uranium is  ${}^{238}_{92}\text{U}$ . Any other isotope of uranium must have
- (a) 92 protons  
 (b) 92 neutrons  
 (c) 146 protons  
 (d) 146 neutrons
9. The chart below lists the rest masses of two particles and a nucleus in atomic mass units. Based on the values in the chart, calculate the mass defect of a  ${}^6_3\text{Li}$  nucleus. Show your work.
- |                           |          |
|---------------------------|----------|
| proton                    | 1.0073 u |
| neutron                   | 1.0087 u |
| ${}^6_3\text{Li}$ nucleus | 6.0135 u |
10. The energy required to separate the 3 protons and 4 neutrons in the nucleus of a lithium atom is 39.3 megaelectronvolts. Determine the mass equivalent of this energy, in universal mass units. Show your work.
11. Calculate the charge-to-mass ratio of an electron, in coulombs/kilogram [C/kg]. Show your work.